Any time you see the notation a(n-1) or a_{n-1} , circle the ENTIRE thing, a1nd replace it with the words "PREVIOUS TERM".

For example:

The first term of a sequence is 4. What is the third term of the sequence with the recursive rule a(n) = 2a(n-1) + 2?

$$a(1) = 4$$

$$a(2) = 2(4) + 2 = 10$$

$$a(3) = 2(10) + 2 = 22$$

Practice Problems. Show all your work on a separate piece of paper.

1. Write a recursive function for the sequence:

2. Write a function that represents the sequence:

3. Write a recursive rule for the sequence:

4. Find the first 3 terms in the sequence

$$a_n = 3(a_{n-1}) + 4$$

 $a_1 = 5$

5. Find the third term of a sequence with the explicit rule 4 - n

$$f(n) = \frac{4-n}{n+3}$$

- 6. Find the fifth term of a sequence represented by f(n) = 5n 2
- 7. What is the fifth term of the sequence defined by f(n) = 3(n-3)?
- 8. What is the 5th term in the sequence: $a_n = 3^n$?
- 9. What is the 7^{th} term in the sequence $a_n = 2n 4$?
- 10. The recursive rule for a sequence is $f(n) = \frac{f(n-1)}{2} + 5$. The first term is 4. What is the third term?
- 11. Write the explicit and recursive formulas for the following sequence: 0, -3, -6, -9, ... Simplify your explicit formula.

Explicit

Recursive

Write the explicit and recursive formulas for the following sequence: 3, 8, 13, 18, ... Simplify your explicit formula.

Explicit

Recursive

13. Write the explicit and recursive formulas for the following sequence: 0.9, 0.5, 0.1, -0.3, ... Simplify your explicit formula.

Explicit

Recursive

14. Write the explicit and recursive formulas for the following sequence: 3.2, 3.5, 3.8, 4.1, ... Simplify your explicit formula.

Explicit

Recursive