1. Vanessa throws a tennis ball in the air. The function $h(t)=-16 t^{2}+45 t+7$ represents the distance, in feet, that the ball is from the ground at any time $t$. At what time, to the nearest tenth of a second, is the ball at its maximum height?
2. The height of a swimmer's dive off a 10 -foot platform into a diving pool is modeled by the equation $y=2 x^{2}-12 x+10$, where $x$ represents the number of seconds since the swimmer left the diving board and $y$ represents the number of feet above or below the water's surface. What is the farthest depth below the water's surface that the swimmer will reach?
A. 6 feet
B. 8 feet
C. 10 feet
D. 12 feet
3. Solve for the positive value of $x: x^{2}-5 x-24=0$
4. What is the solution set of the equation $x^{2}-3 x-10=0$ ?
A. $(5,-2)$
B. $(-5,-2)$
C. $(5,2)$
D. $(-5,2)$
5. Solve for the positive value of $x: x^{2}-64=0$
6. Solve algebraically for the positive value of $x, x \neq 0$, and check:

$$
\frac{2 x+5}{7}=\frac{1}{x}
$$

7. One root of the equation $2 x^{2}-x-15=0$ is:
A. 5
B. $\underline{3}$
C. 3
D. -3 2
2
8. Which step can be used when solving $x^{2}-6 x-25=0$ by completing the square?
A. $x^{2}-6 x+9=25+9$
B. $x^{2}-6 x-9=25-9$
C. $x^{2}-6 x+36=25+36$
D. $x^{2}-6 x-36=25-36$
9. Solve for the positive value of $x: 3 x^{2}-27=0$
10. What is the solution set of the equations $(x-a)(x+b)=0$
A. $\{a,-b\}$
B. $\{-a, b\}$
C. $\{-a,-b\}$
D. $\Phi$
11. 

Solve for the positive value of $x: \frac{1}{4} x^{2}=16$
12. Solve the equation $2 x^{2}-98=0$ for the positive value of $x$
13. The solution to the quadratic equation: $2 x^{2}+5 x-1=0$ is:
A. $\frac{5 \pm \sqrt{17}}{4}$
B. $\frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{17}}{4}$
C. $\frac{5 \pm \sqrt{33}}{4}$
D. $\frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{33}}{4}$
14. What is the solution set of the equation: $2 x^{2}+3 x-2=0$ ?
A. $\left\{-\frac{1}{2}, 2\right\}$
B. $\left\{\frac{1}{2},-2\right\}$
C. $\left\{\frac{1}{2}, 2\right\} \quad$ D $\left\{-\frac{1}{2},-2\right\}$
15. What are the values of $x$ in the equation: $x^{2}+4 x-1=0$ ?
A. $-4 \pm \sqrt{5}$
B. $-4 \pm \sqrt{3}$
C. $-2 \pm \sqrt{5}$
D. $-2 \pm \sqrt{3}$
16. Solve the equation $6 x^{2}-2 x-3=0$ and express the answer in simplest radical form.
17. The solution of the quadratic equation $2 x^{2}-x-14=0$ is:
A. $\frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{111}}{2}$
B. $\frac{1 \pm \sqrt{111}}{4}$
C. $\frac{1 \pm \sqrt{113}}{4}$
D. $\frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{113}}{2}$
18. What is the solution set of the equation: $2 x^{2}+x-3=0$ ?
A. $\left\{\frac{1}{2},-\right.$
B. $\left\{-\frac{3}{2}, 1\right\}$
C. $\left\{-\frac{1}{2},-3\right\}$
D. $\left\{\frac{3}{2}, 1\right\}$
3\}
19. What is the negative value of $x$ that satisfies the equation $2 x^{2}+5 x-3=0$ ?
A. -1
C. -3
B. $-\frac{1}{2}$
D. $-\frac{2}{3}$
20. What is the solution set of the equation: $x^{2}-36=0$ ?

